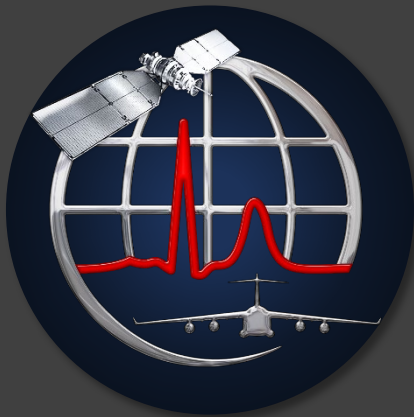


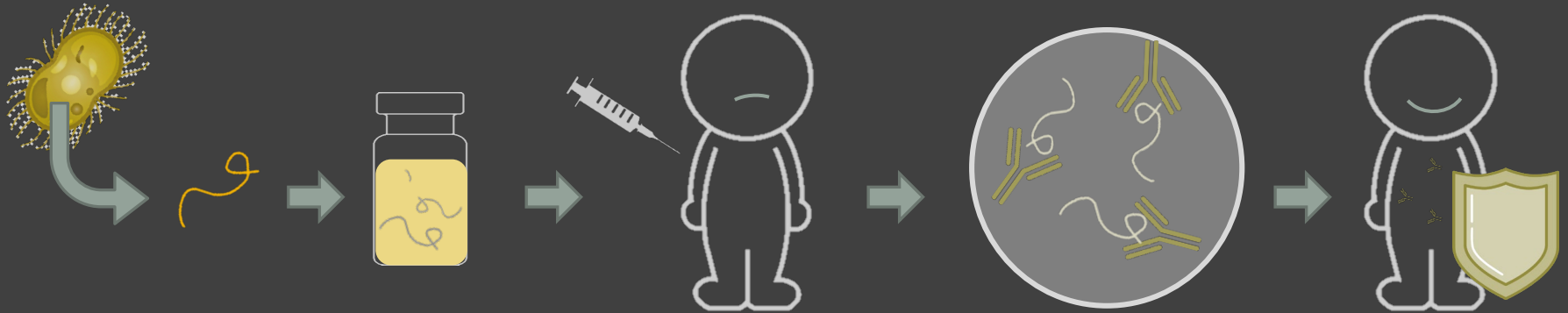
# COVID-19 Vaccine: Making the Right Choice for You



**Air Force Medical Readiness Agency**  
**January 2021**

# How Vaccines Work

(Some examples: Chickenpox, Tetanus, Shingles, Influenza, etc.)



## Step 1:

small pieces of a virus or bacteria are chosen by scientists in a laboratory that a person's body could recognize but won't make them sick

## Step 2:

the selected particle is put into a vial with other fluids to stabilize them until it can be delivered

## Step 3:

the vaccine is given to individual people using a specific amount and location (usually an injection in the arm)

## Step 4:

the body fights the pieces of virus or bacteria, just like any other exposure to a disease, and even develops memory cells (antibodies)

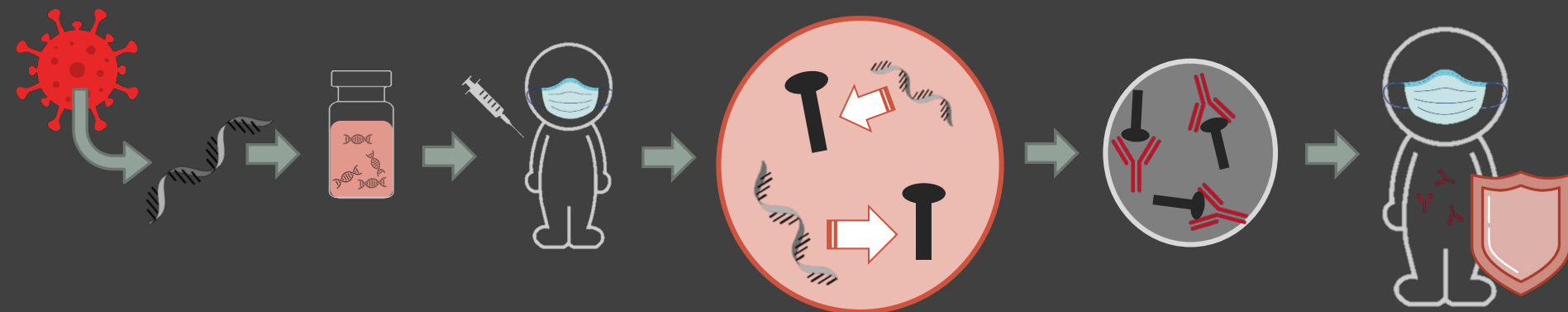
## Step 5:

the body keeps those memory cells to quickly respond to that virus or bacteria if it comes across them in the future

*Sometimes the body needs a "booster" to help those memory cells remember how to fight the virus or bacteria, which is given as a second (or third) dose of the vaccine*

# How current COVID-19 Vaccines Work

- Current COVID-19 Vaccines work the same EXCEPT instead of giving each person a piece of the virus, a small part of its genetic instructions (messenger RNA, or mRNA) teaches our cells how to make the “spike protein” found on the surface of the SARS-CoV-2 (COVID-19) virus
- Once the spike protein is created, the genetic instructions are destroyed by the body - each mRNA only makes one copy
- The piece of the virus your body creates is what helps the body develop the memory cells--activated the next time it finds that spike protein



# Things to know about mRNA vaccines

- mRNA vaccines have been well-studied for influenza, Zika, rabies, and cytomegalovirus (CMV)
- mRNA does not enter the DNA in the human cell
- mRNA from SARS-CoV-2 cannot give someone COVID-19

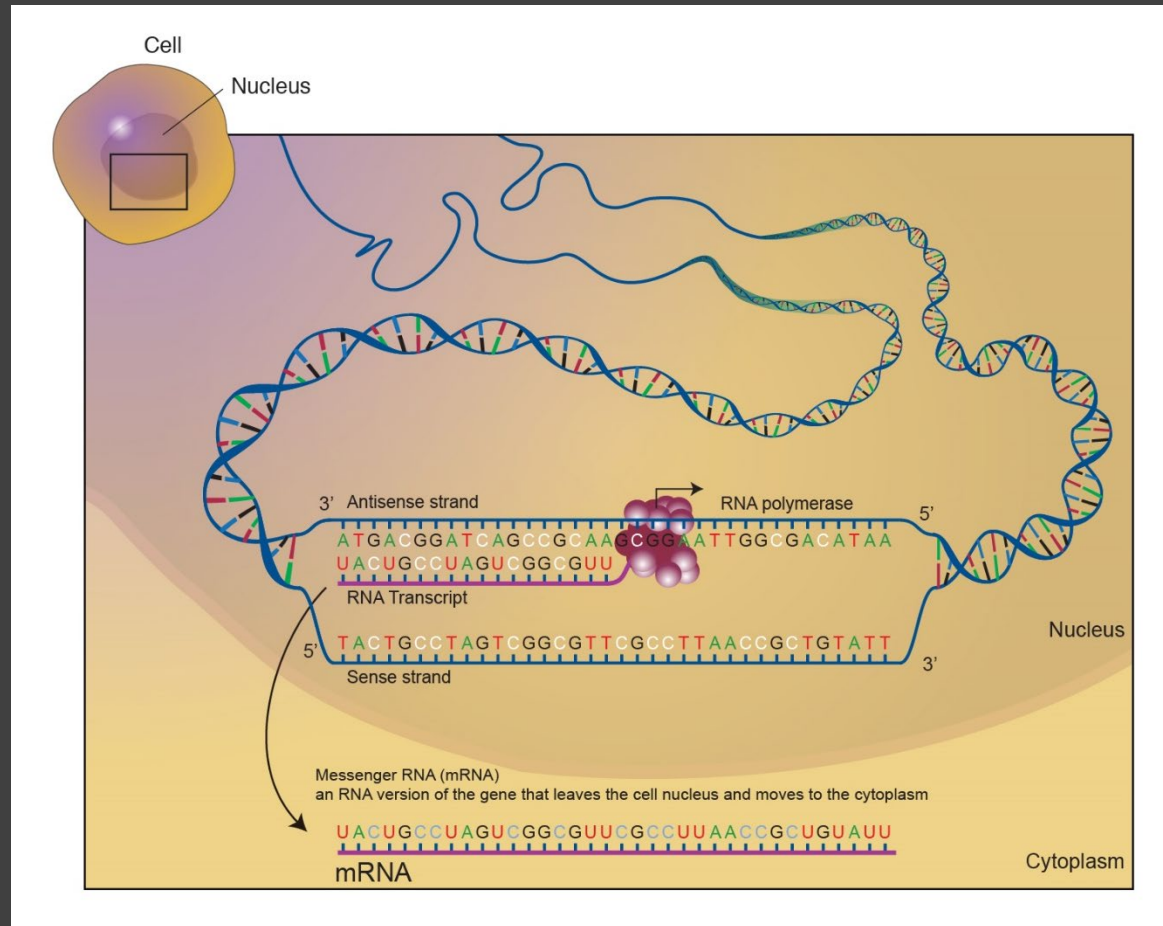


Illustration from [www.genome.gov/genetics-glossary/messenger-rna](http://www.genome.gov/genetics-glossary/messenger-rna)

# COVID-19 Vaccines Currently Available

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- Two vaccines have received Emergency Use Authorization (EUA):  
Pfizer/BioNTech (BNT162b2)  
Moderna (mRNA-1273)
- Both are messenger RNA (mRNA) vaccines with a 2-dose schedule
- Both were very effective at preventing COVID-19 (95% for Pfizer and 94% for Moderna)
- Duration of protection is not yet known
- These vaccines have received FDA authorization for patients 16 years and older (Pfizer) and patients 18 years and older (Moderna)

# COVID-19 Vaccine Safety

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- Speed of development was possible because vaccines were pre-purchased which allowed companies to begin immediate large-scale production of the vaccines
- All safety checks throughout the vaccine development process were accomplished, as required – just given a priority review at every level
- Current vaccines have been tested through world-wide clinical trials
  - Phase 3 studies included large number of participants (40,000+ with Pfizer/30,000+ with Moderna)
  - ~30% of U.S. participants were racial/ethnic minorities (Hispanic, African American, Asian & Native American)
- **No serious safety concerns were noted in either study**
- Noted reactions were mild (headache, fatigue, muscle aches, joint pain) and occurred in about 2-4% of participants

# COVID-19 Vaccine Safety

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- Clinical trial data has been carefully reviewed by experts
    - The Food and Drug Administration (FDA) has reviewed all data
    - FDA granted Emergency Use Authorization because known and potential benefits outweighed the known and potential risks of the vaccine
    - The Advisory Committee for Immunization Practices (ACIP) includes external scientists and medical experts and reviewed all safety data before making a recommendation for use in the general public
  - Adverse events from all administered vaccines are closely monitored to adjust administration plans and clinical recommendations if needed
    - Data are entered into a central vaccine safety monitoring system
    - Tracked within Department of Defense
- AND
- Tracked nationwide by Centers for Disease Control & Prevention (CDC)

# Number of Doses

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- Two shots are needed to provide the best protection against COVID-19 for both vaccines
- The **first** shot primes the immune system, helping it recognize the virus, and the **second** shot strengthens the immune response
- The currently available COVID-19 vaccines differ in the spacing between doses
  - Pfizer/BioNTech (BNT162b2):  
**second** dose 21 days after **first** dose
  - Moderna (mRNA-1273):  
**second** dose 28 days after **first** dose





# Potential Risks & Side Effects

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- Most Common Side Effects

- Swelling or redness around the injection site
- Muscle or joint aches and pains
- Fatigue, Headache
- Fever

*Note: these are signs your body is fighting the spike protein and usually resolves in 1-3 days*

- Highest Risk is a Severe Allergic Reaction (very rare)

- Individuals with a history of allergic reactions to vaccines should talk to their healthcare provider before receiving the vaccine
- This is the key reason to wait 15-30 minutes after receiving vaccine

- If you have another concern, make sure to discuss it with your healthcare provider

# Prioritization

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- Priority is to protect our service members, DoD civilians and families to safeguard national security capabilities and support the whole-of-government response to the COVID-19 Pandemic
- Vaccination distribution is based on risk factors:
  - Health care workers and emergency services personnel
  - Personnel performing critical national mission
  - Those with medical complications or multiple diseases
  - Vaccines will be offered to other beneficiaries as more vaccines are available and after priority individuals have been vaccinated

**Although getting the vaccine is voluntary, DoD personnel are encouraged to get it to protect their health, their families and their community**

# How to Get Your Vaccine

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- Each medical treatment facility will provide vaccines based on the approved prioritization plan
- Timing will depend on availability of vaccine provided and number of individuals in each priority group
- Each facility has a communication plan that will notify each group when vaccines are available
- Ensure you know where the information is being shared - usually on the installation website and social media platforms
- It is your choice to receive or not receive the COVID-19 Vaccine. Should you decide not to receive it, it will not change your standard medical care
- Long-term side effects (if any) would be considered a service-connected disability for active duty members

# After Receiving the Vaccine

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- The COVID-19 vaccine is only one of many important tools to help stop this pandemic
- No vaccine is 100% effective
- It typically takes a few weeks to build immunity against the virus
- It is possible to get infected with the virus right before or right after the vaccine was administered
- It is important to **continue** using all the tools available to help stop this pandemic as we learn more about how COVID-19 vaccines work in real-world conditions
- Continue all public health measures:
  - Cover your mouth and nose with a mask when around others
  - Wash your hands often
  - Stay at least 6 feet away from others and avoid large gatherings

# Key Points

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## **COVID-19 Vaccines cannot make you sick with the coronavirus**

- Authorized and recommended vaccines *do not* contain the *live* virus that causes COVID-19

## **Vaccine Purpose**

- To teach immune system to recognize and fight the virus that causes COVID-19
- Sometimes this process can cause a fever; this is normal and is a sign the body is building protection against the virus

## **It typically takes a few weeks to build immunity against the virus**

- It is possible to get infected with the virus right before or right after the vaccine was administered
- To reduce the chance of being exposed or spreading to others, continue to wear a mask, wash your hand & maintain social distancing

# Resources and References

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Consult with your healthcare team for questions specific to your medical status

Additional Information can be found at:

Food and Drug Administration (FDA):

<https://www.fda.gov/emergency-preparedness-and-response/coronavirus-disease-2019-covid-19/covid-19-vaccines>

Center for Disease Control (CDC):

<https://www.cdc.gov/coronavirus/2019-ncov/vaccines/expect.html>

Moderna vaccine:

- <https://www.modernatx.com/>
- FDA Factsheet: <https://www.modernatx.com/covid19vaccine-eua/>

Pfizer vaccine:

- [https://www.pfizer.com/news/hot-topics/the\\_facts\\_about\\_pfizer\\_and\\_biontech\\_s\\_covid\\_19\\_vaccine](https://www.pfizer.com/news/hot-topics/the_facts_about_pfizer_and_biontech_s_covid_19_vaccine)
- FDA Factsheet: <https://www.fda.gov/media/144414/download>